

# Csoportlétrehozás tiltása Office 365-ön belül (2020.04.05)

Ennek a dokumentumnak a mindenkori legfrissebb verziója a <https://sulikon.freshdesk.com/support/solutions/articles/62000080064-csoportl%C3%A9trehoz%C3%A1s-korl%C3%A1toz%C3%A1sa>

címen található. Ellenőrizze, hogy a legfrissebbet használja-e.

Fontos: az alábbi eljárás végrehajtása után az adminisztrátorok sem tudnak csoportot létrehozni a szkript futása után, csak azok, akik benne vannak a létrehozott biztonsági (security) csoportban.

A biztonsági csoport nevében ne használj ékezetes karaktert!

A kódrészleteket javasoljuk az eredeti Microsoft dokumentumból kimásolni:

[Manage who can create Office 365 Groups](#)

## Step 1: Create a security group for users who need to create Office 365 Groups

Only one security group in your organization can be used to control who is able to create Groups. But, you can nest other security groups as members of this group. For example, the group named Allow Group Creation is the designated security group, and the groups named Microsoft Planner Users and Exchange Online Users are members of that group.

Admins in the roles listed above do not need to be members of this group: they retain their ability to create groups.

### Important

Be sure to use a **security group** to restrict who can create groups. If you try to use an Office 365 Group, members won't be able to create a group from SharePoint because it checks for a security group.

1. In the admin center, go to the **Groups** > [Groups](#) page.
2. Click on **Add a Group**.
3. Choose **Security** as the group type. Remember the name of the group! You'll need it later.

4. Finish setting up the security group, adding people or other security groups who you want to be able to create Groups in your org.

For detailed instructions, see [Create, edit, or delete a security group in the Microsoft 365 admin center](#).

## Step 2: Install the preview version of the Azure Active Directory PowerShell for Graph

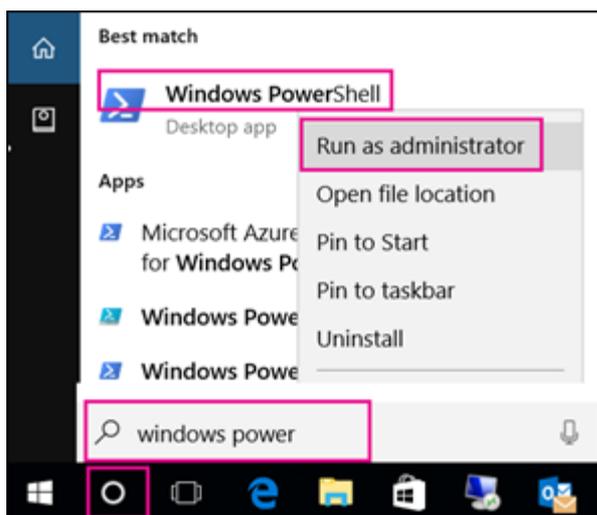
These procedures require the preview version of the Azure Active Directory PowerShell for Graph. The GA version will not work.

### Important

You cannot install both the preview and GA versions on the same computer at the same time. You can install the module on Windows 10, Windows Server 2016.

As a best practice, we recommend *always* staying current: uninstall the old AzureADPreview or old AzureAD version and get the latest one.

1. In your search bar, type Windows PowerShell.
2. Right-click on **Windows PowerShell** and select **Run as Administrator**.



3. Set the policy to RemoteSigned by using [Set-ExecutionPolicy](#).

```
Set-ExecutionPolicy RemoteSigned
```

4. Check installed module:

```
Get-InstalledModule -Name "AzureAD*"
```

5. To uninstall a previous version of AzureADPreview or AzureAD, run this command:

```
Uninstall-Module AzureADPreview
```

or

```
Uninstall-Module AzureAD
```

6. To install the latest version of AzureADPreview, run this command:

```
Install-Module AzureADPreview
```

At the message about an untrusted repository, type **Y**. It will take a minute or so for the new module to install.

Leave the PowerShell window open for Step 3, below.

## Step 3: Run PowerShell commands

Copy the script below into a text editor, such as Notepad, or the [Windows PowerShell ISE](#).

Replace `<SecurityGroupName>` with the name of the security group that you created. For example:

```
$GroupName = "Group Creators"
```

Save the file as GroupCreators.ps1.

In the PowerShell window, navigate to the location where you saved the file (type "CD ").

Run the script by typing:

```
.\GroupCreators.ps1
```

and [sign in with your administrator account](#) when prompted.

PowerShell

```
$GroupName = "<SecurityGroupName>"
```

```
$AllowGroupCreation = "False"
```

```
Connect-AzureAD
```

```
$settingsObjectID = (Get-AzureADDirectorySetting | Where-object -Property  
Displayname -Value "Group.Unified" -EQ).id
```

```
if(!$settingsObjectID)
```

```
{
```

```
    $template = Get-AzureADDirectorySettingTemplate | Where-object  
{$_.displayname -eq "group.unified"}
```

```
    $settingsCopy = $template.CreateDirectorySetting()
```

```
    New-AzureADDirectorySetting -DirectorySetting $settingsCopy
```

```

$settingsObjectID = (Get-AzureADDirectorySetting | Where-object -Property
Displayname -Value "Group.Unified" -EQ).id
}

$settingsCopy = Get-AzureADDirectorySetting -Id $settingsObjectID
$settingsCopy["EnableGroupCreation"] = $AllowGroupCreation

if($GroupName)
{
    $settingsCopy["GroupCreationAllowedGroupId"] = (Get-AzureADGroup -
SearchString $GroupName).objectid
}
else {
$settingsCopy["GroupCreationAllowedGroupId"] = $GroupName
}
Set-AzureADDirectorySetting -Id $settingsObjectID -DirectorySetting $settingsCopy
(Get-AzureADDirectorySetting -Id $settingsObjectID).Values

```

The last line of the script will display the updated settings:

| Name                          | Value                                |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| ClassificationDescriptions    |                                      |
| DefaultClassification         |                                      |
| PrefixSuffixNamingRequirement |                                      |
| AllowGuestsToBeGroupOwner     | False                                |
| AllowGuestsToAccessGroups     | True                                 |
| GuestUsageGuidelinesUrl       |                                      |
| GroupCreationAllowedGroupId   | Afc88abb-5df6-4c0f-b6f7-b7e82620bf89 |
| AllowToAddGuests              | True                                 |
| UsageGuidelinesUrl            |                                      |
| ClassificationList            |                                      |
| EnableGroupCreation           | False                                |

PS C:\WINDOWS\system32>

If in the future you want to change which security group is used, you can rerun the script with the name of the new security group.

If you want to turn off the group creation restriction and again allow all users to create groups, set \$GroupName to "" and \$AllowGroupCreation to "True" and rerun the script.